THE NEED

People with disabilities and older adults lack accessible, affordable housing

Affordability

Many rely on Social Security or part-time jobs, earning less than 30% of Area Median Income (AMI). Deeply subsidized housing is often the only option. However, there are just 3 homes for every 10 extremely low-income households.

Accessibility

1 in 4 Americans has a disability.



1 in 8 Americans has difficulty walking.



But, only 1 in 100 apartments are estimated to be physically accessible.



Discrimination

Over 60% of fair housing complaints are based on disability. Many are about reasonable accommodation or modification requests.

People with disabilities are often not prioritized for accessible units.

For more information, contact:
Allen Hines, Housing Access Director, Community Vision
allen@cvision.org

THE SOLUTION

Oregon Housing Accessibility Act of 2025

SB 444 seeks to address the severe unmet need for accessible housing in Oregon in three ways:

- 1. Require more units being built to meet the federal accessibility standard.
- 2. Require more units being built to meet the Type A accessibility standard.
- 3. Expand current design and construction requirements to include triplexes.

✓ State funding requirements

Requires that 10% of units in projects with 10 or more units that receive public funding to be accessible.

Currently, only 5% of units in a project being built with federal funding are required to be accessible.

Building codes requirements

Requires that 10% of units in projects with 10 or more units be built to meet Type A accessibility standards, meaning they include features like U-shaped kitchens.

Currently, just 2% of units in buildings with 20 or more units are required to have accessibility features, like grab bars, to meet Oregon's structural specialty code.

Fair Housing requirements

Expands the Fair Housing Act's design and construction requirements to include triplexes. Right now, the requirements only cover projects with four or more units.

We can solve unmet accessible housing needs in Oregon by changing our state's laws.